Classification of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgical Instruments

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A. GENERAL SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS CAN BE CLASSIFIED AS FOLLOWS

- Cutting instruments
- · Grasping or holding instruments
- Haemostatic forceps
- Retractors

Chapter

3

- Clamps and distractors
- Miscellaneous

B. EXODONTIA AND MINOR ORAL SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS CAN BE CLASSIFIED AS FOLLOWS

Exodontia Instruments Can be Classified as Follows

1. Forceps

- Maxillary anterior forceps
- Maxillary premolar forceps
- Maxillary molar forceps
- Maxillary cowhorn forceps
- Bayonet forceps or root forceps
- Maxillary 3rd molar forceps
- Mandibular anterior forceps
- Mandibular premolar forceps
- Mandibular molar forceps
- Mandibular cowhorn forceps
- Mandibular 3rd molar forceps

2. Elevators

- Straight elevators
 - Coupland elevator
 - London hospital pattern
- Angular elevators
 - Apexo elevator
 - Cryer's elevator
 - Crossbar pattern
 - Straight pattern



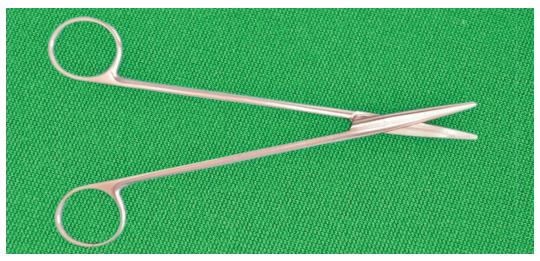
CUTTING INSTRUMENTS

DISSECTING SCISSORS

This is also called Mayo's scissors and is popularly called tissue scissors.

Indication

 This is used to dissect tissue planes during surgical operations and to cut or divide important structures.



Dissecting scissors

HUMBY'S KNIFE

This instrument has a handle and long sheath. There is a screw at the operating end, with which prior adjustments should be done.

Indication

• The instrument is used to harvest skin grafts. Hence, it is also called skin grafting knife.



Indication

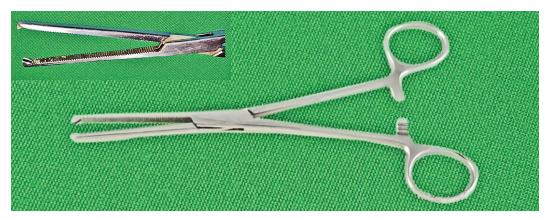
• Used for picking up sterile instruments from trays and linens from the drum. Stored in a container containing antiseptic solution.

KOCHER'S FORCEPS

This is similar to an artery forceps with serrations.

It is available as curved and straight.

There is a sharp tooth at the tip of the instrument, hence it has a better grip.



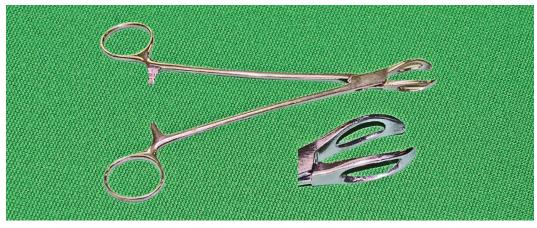
Kocher's forceps

Indications

- Used to hold tough structures such as aponeurosis, fascia, and muscles.
- During thyroidectomy, it can be used to hold the strap muscles for dividing them.
- To hold rib during rib resection.

LANE'S FORCEPS

This is similar to babcock's forceps, but the tip is more broad, expanded with a bigger opening.



Lane's forceps



NEGU'S ARTERY FORCEPS

It is a stout, long jawed forceps. The jaws are bent in the form of a hook. The inner margins of the jaw are transversely serrated.



Negu's artery forceps

Indication

• It is used to ligate the vessels present at depth. The bleeder is held with a straight artery forceps and then Negu's curved artery forceps is used to ligate it.

RETRACTORS

CAT'S PAW RETRACTOR

Instrument resembles a cat's paw. Thin metallic double ended/single ended instrument. Blade has prongs that are curved at tip. Double ended/senn retractor with other end has a broad curved blade to retract small amount of soft tissue.



Cat's paw retractor

Precaution

 Care should be taken not to apply excessive force which might lead to soft tissue damage.

Indication

• It is used for retraction of a small amount of soft tissue.