Competency-Based BD Chaurasia's

Human Anatomy

Regional and Applied | Dissection and Clinical

Edition

Volume 1 UPPER LIMB and THORAX Volume 2 LOWER LIMB, ABDOMEN and PELVIS

Volume 3 HEAD and NECK

Volume 4 BRAIN-NEUROANATOMY

Widely acclaimed as a standard textbook in view of its simple language, comprehensive coverage, lucid presentation and neatly-drawn line diagrams, BD Chaurasia's Human Anatomy remains the most preferred textbook in India and abroad. This edition has been thoroughly revised and updated to make it extremely informative and much more student-friendly.

The ninth edition now features diagrams adapted from the first edition, originally prepared by Dr BD Chaurasia, which have been suitably redrawn, modified and colored appropriately. Many text chapters have citations to videos of osteology and soft parts which are accessible through CBSiCentral App. Clinically oriented FAQs and MCQs, and ECE cases have been included to make the volumes absolutely clinical in nature.

Salient features of the four volumes

- Text follows the CBME Guidelines and all topics are described as per the Competency Based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate prescribed by the National Medical Commission.
- Colour codes used consistently in the drawings of various cells, tissues and organs are given at the beginning of
- Impressive line diagrams, originally hand-drawn by Dr BD Chaurasia, adapted from the first edition of BDC Human Anatomy, have been incorporated in this edition to make drawing of illustrations easier for the students.
- Videos of osteology and soft parts, accessible from CBSiCentral App through scratch code, have been numbered and cited in the respective chapters in all the four volumes. The App also includes answers to FAQs.
- Latest updates on various topics have been provided from standard international publications.
- Clinical orientation has been enthused by structuring many FAQs and MCQs in 'clinical mode'. Early Clinical Exposure (ECE) has been provided in the form of signs, symptoms, investigations and treatment of a particular
- Important features like viva voce questions, molecular regulation, clinicoanatomical problems, ossification, dissection (steps) are continued from the previous editions.

Tables 33, Flowcharts 12, Illustrations 462, Ossification boxes 14, Dissection boxes 12, X-rays 4, Clinical Anatomy boxes 77, Facts to Remember 114, FAQs 104, MCQs 135, Viva Voce questions 227, Videos 32, Clinicoanatomical

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Chaurasia's

Competency-Based

BD Chaurasia's

Human Anatomy

Ninth **Edition**

Volume

Regional and Applied Dissection and Clinical

As per the CBME Guidelines | Competency Based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate

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Head and Neck

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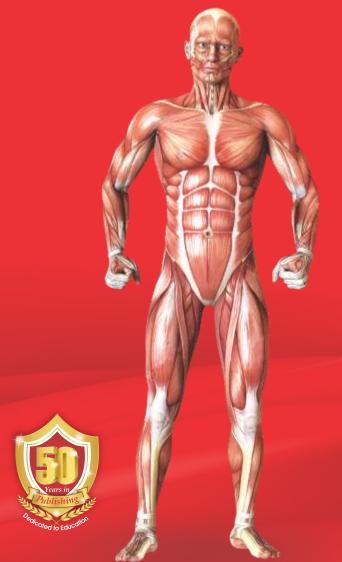


Many easily reproducible diagrams, originally hand-drawn by Dr BD Chaurasia, now modified and coloured suitably, are given at the relevant locations in the text



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Frequently Asked Questions & Answers



UPPER LIMB and **THORAX**

LOWER LIMB, ABDOMEN and PELVIS

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HEAD and **NECK**

BRAIN-NEUROANATOMY





This human anatomy is not systemic but regional Oh yes, it is theoretical as well as practical Besides the gross features, it is chiefly clinical Clinical too is very much diagrammatical.

> Lots of tables for the muscles are provided Even methods for testing are incorporated Improved colour illustrations are added So that right half of brain gets stimulated

Tables for muscles acting on joints are given Tables for branches of nerves and arteries are given Hope these volumes turn highly useful Editors' hardwork under Almighty's guidance prove fruitful

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Human Anatomy

Regional and Applied | Dissection and Clinical

Edition

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Volume 4 BRAIN-NEUROANATOMY

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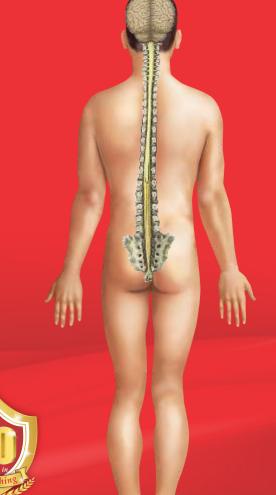


Many easily reproducible diagrams, originally hand-drawn by Dr BD Chaurasia, now modified and coloured suitably, are given at the relevant locations in the text



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LOWER LIMB, ABDOMEN and PELVIS

Jolum_e

Jolum_e

HEAD and **NECK**

BRAIN-NEUROANATOMY





This human anatomy is not systemic but regional Oh yes, it is theoretical as well as practical Besides the gross features, it is chiefly clinical Clinical too is very much diagrammatical.

> Lots of tables for the muscles are provided Even methods for testing are incorporated Improved colour illustrations are added So that right half of brain gets stimulated

Tables for muscles acting on joints are given Tables for branches of nerves and arteries are given Hope these volumes turn highly useful Editors' hardwork under Almighty's guidance prove fruitful

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Ethical Aspects of Cadaveric Dissection



The cadaver, the dead body, that we dissect, plays an important role in the teaching of anatomy to medical students. The cadaver and the bones become an important part of our life as medical students as some academics have even referred to the cadaver as the 'first teacher' in the medical school.

We must pay due respect to the cadavers and bones kept in the dissection hall or museum. In some medical schools it is mandatory to take an 'oath' before beginning the cadaveric dissection which aims to uphold the dignity of the mortal remains of the departed soul while other medical schools help the student to undertake dissection in a proper manner and empathise with the families of the donor. During the course of dissection the student is constantly reminded of the sanctity of the body he/she is studying so that the noble donation of someone's body is used only as a means of gaining scientific knowledge/progress. Each and every dissected part afterwards is disposed or cremated with full dignity.

Honour of the donor and his/her family is the prime responsibility of the health professional. `The dead teach the living', and the living pledge to use this knowledge for the upliftment of humankind.

Three-dimensional models and computer simulations cannot replace the tactile appreciation achieved by cadaveric dissection and we should always be grateful to those who have donated their bodies and strive to respect them. We have the privilege to study the human being through a body of a fellow human and have to be humble and carry forward the legacy of nobility and selflessness in our careers.

(Contributed by Dr Puneet Kaur)

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Glossary •

L: Latin word, Gr: Greek word

Allocortex L. ancient bark Old cortex, i.e. paleocortex and archicortex

White matter on the ventricular surface of hippo-Alveus L. trough

campus

Amygdala L. almond Nucleus in roof of inferior horn of lateral ventricle

Arachnoid Gr. like spider's web Middle meningeal layer

Archicerebellum Gr. old cerebellum Phylogenetic cerebellum area in caudal region

Astereognosis Gr. loss of knowledge Inability to recognise solid objects

Astrocyte Gr. star cells A type of neuroglial cell Loss of muscular coordination Ataxia Gr. negative order

Athetosis Gr. without place Bizzare movements Autonomic Gr. self law Autonomic NS Axolemma Gr. axis back Covering of axon

Basis pedunculi Ventral part of midbrain Brachium Fibres connecting 2 parts L. arm

Brainstem Midbrain + pons + medulla oblongata

Bulb Medulla oblongata

Calamus scriptorum L. reed pen Area in caudal part of IV ventricle

For example, calcarine sulcus, calcar avis Calcar L. spur Cauda equina L. horse's tail Lower lumbar and sacral nerve roots

Caudate nucleus L. comma-shaped Part of corpus striatum

Cerebellum L. little brain Part of brain

Cerebrum L. brain Cerebral cortex + diencephalon Chorea L. dance Involuntary movement of limbs L. ash coloured For example, tubercinerium Cinerium Name of association fibres Cingulum L. girdle

Cistern L. reservoir

Claustrum L. barrier Grey matter between insula and lentiform nucleus

Colliculus For example, dorsal part of midbrain and facial L. small swelling

colliculus

Type of white fibres joining identical parts of 2 cerebral Commissure L. joined together

hemispheres

Corona L. crown like For example, corona radiata Corpus callosum L. body hard Main commissural fibre bundle

Corpus striatum L. body striped Grey matter at base of cerebral hemisphere

Cortex L. bark Outer layer (i.e. grey matter) in cerebellum and cerebrum For example, crus cerebri or basis pedunculi Crus L. leg.

For example, nucleus and fasciculus cuneatus and Cuneus L. wedge

cuneus gyrus in cerebral cortex

Decussation L. like X Crossing over

Dentate L. toothed For example, dentate gyrus of temporal lobe, dentate

nucleus of cerebellum

Diencephalon Thalamus + hypothalamus + epithalamus + Gr. through brain

subthalamus + metathalamus

Dura mater L. hard mother Outer covering of brain One of the nuclei of cerebellum **Emboliformis** Gr. plug like

Endoneurium Gr. within nerve Connective tissue sheath around each nerve fibre Entorhinal Gr. within nose Anterior part of parahippocampal gyrus adjacent to

uncus

Ependyma The lining epithelium of ventricles of brain and the Gr. upon garment

central canal of spinal cord

Upon inner chamber **Epithalamus** Gr. upon inner chamber

L. external + receiver Receiver for external environment Exteroceptor Falx L. sickle For example, falx cerebri, falx cerebelli

Fasciculus L. bundle Bundle of white fibres

Fimbria L. fringe For example, bundle of fibres along medial edge of

hippocampus

Forceps L. pair of tongs For example, forceps minor, forceps major

Fornix L. arch Part of limbic system

For example, dorsal root ganglia, basal ganglia Ganglion Gr. swelling For example, facial nerve, corpus callosum Genu L. knee (bend)

Glia Gr. glue Neuroglia

Globus pallidus L. ball +plate For example, medial part of lentiform nucleus L. ball of thread For example, glomeruli of olfactory bulb Glomerulus

L. slender Nucleus and fasciculus gracilis Gracilis Habenula L. rein Swelling in epithalamus

Violent movement of one side of body due to disease Hemiballismus Gr. half jumping

of subthalamic nucleus

Gr. half stroke Paralysis of one side of the body Hemiplegia

Excessive CSF Hydrocephalus Gr. water in head

Indusium L. garment Grey matter on dorsal surface of corpus callosum

L. funnel Stem of neurohypophysis Infundibulum

Part of cortex lying at the depth of lateral sulcus Insula L. island

Regions of cerebral cortex with 6 layers Isocortex Gr. same bark

Medial lemniscus Gr. ribbon Lemniscus Lentiform L. lens-like Lentiform nucleus

L. border, C-shaped Limbic lobe, limbic system Limbus Ventral part of insula Limen L. threshold

Locus ceruleus L. place dark blue For example, in floor of IV ventricle

L. spot For example, macula lutea Macula

L. nipple-shaped mammillary bodies Mammillary body L. middle medulla oblongata Medulla

Mesencephalon Gr. middle brain midbrain

Metathalamus Gr. after + inner chamber Medial and lateral geniculate bodies For example, pons + cerebellum Metencephalon Gr. after + brain Type of neuroglial cells

Microglia Gr. small + glue

Molecular L. mass Tissue with large number of nerve fibres

Myelencephalon Gr. marrow +brain Medulla oblongata

Caudate nucleus and putamen Neostriatum New + striped region Neurite Gr. of nerve Axons and dendrites of the neurons

Neurobiotaxis Gr. nerve + living attraction Nerve cells moving towards sources of stimuli GLOSSARY xxi

Neuroglia Gr. nerve + glue Cellular, non-nervous cells glueing the neurons Neurolemma or Gr. nerve-husk Sheath around the peripheral nerve fibre neurilemma Gr. nerve + felt Nerve cell process between the bodies of neurons Neuropil Nociceptive L. to injure + to take Response to painful stimuli In fourth ventricle Obex L. barrier Oligodendrocyte Gr. few + processes Type of neuroglia Olive L. oval Olivary nuclei Operculum L. lid Various opercula around the lateral sulcus to hide the insula Paleocerebellum Gr. ancient + small cerebellum Old part of cerebellum Gr. ancient + striped area Old part of corpus striatum, i.e. globus pallidus Paleostriatum Paraplegia Gr. beside + stroke Paralysis of lower part of trunk and both lower limbs Perikaryon Gr. around + nut Neuron Pes L. foot Pes hippocampi Pineal Pineal gland L. pine L. palit Interwoven fibres Plexus Visualisation of ventricles and subarachnoid space by Pneumoencephalogram Air + brain + to write replacing of CSF by air L. bridge Part between midbrain and medulla oblongata Proprioceptive L. one's own + receptor Afferents from joints, tendons, etc. Prosencephalon Gr. before + brain Forebrain part Gr. falling **Ptosis** Drooping of upper eyelid L. cushioned seat Posterior projection of thalamus Pulvinar L. shell Lateral part of corpus striatum Putamen Pyriform L. pear + form Olfactory cortex is pear-shaped in lower animals Paralysis of all four limbs Quadriplegia L. four + stroke Raphe Gr. seam Midline structure Reticular L. net Net formation Rhinal Gr. nose Related to nose Rhinencephalon Gr. nose + brain Components of olfactory system Refers to hindbrain vesicle Rhombencephalon Gr. lozenge-shaped + brain L. beak Beak-shaped portion of corpus callosum Rostrum Rubro L. red Red nucleus Cells around neurons of dorsal root ganglion and Satellite L. attendant autonomic ganglia Septum pellucidum L. partition transparent Septum pellucidum of lateral ventricles Somatic Gr. bodily Skeletal muscles (in neurology) Somesthetic Gr. body + perception Sensation of pain, touch and temperature Gr. bandage Posterior thick end of corpus callosum Splenium Striatum L. furrowed Caudate nucleus and putamen Transitional cortex between hippocampus and para-Subiculum L. decreased layer hippocampal gyrus Collection of small neurons at the apex of posterior Substantia gelatinosa Substance + soft

horn of spinal cord

Substantia nigra
Substance + dark
Subthalamus
L. under + inner chamber
Region beneath thalamus

Synapse Gr. to join Site of contact between neurons
Syringomyelia Gr. pipe + marrow Cavities in grey matter around central canal

Tapetum L. carpet Fibres of body of corpus callosum

TectumL. roofRoof of midbrain comprised of 4 colliculiTegmentumL. to coverDorsal portion of pons and midbrain

Telachoroidea L. web + membrane Vascular connective tissue core of choroid plexus

Telencephalon Gr. end + brain Cerebral hemisphere

Telodendria Gr. end + tree Terminal branches of the axon

ThalamusGr. inner chamberPart of diencephalonTomographyGr. cutting + writeSectional radiography

Transducer L. to change Mechanism which changes one form of energy into

another

Trapezoid body Trapezium like Transverse fibres at the junction of dorsal and ventral

parts of pons for auditory pathway

Uncinate L. hood-shaped Uncinate fasciculus

Uncus L. hood Hook-shaped anterior end of parahippocampal gyrus

Uvula L. little grape Part of inferor vermis of cerebellum

Vallecula L. valley Depressed area on the inferior medullary velum

Ventricle L. diminutive of belly Ventricles of brain

VermisL. wormMiddle region of cerebellumZona incerta—Grey matter in subthalamus