Textbook of Microbiology

The sixth edition of Textbook of Microbiology is thoroughly revised and updated which aims to keep pace with the rapidly increasing information in medical sciences. A chapter on automation in microbiology has been added. Zika virus has been described in chapter of arboviruses. The text is presented in simple and lucid manner. It is illustrated with coloured and computer-drawn figures, clinical photographs and photomicrographs. These make the book colourful and readers can have better understanding of the biology of microorganisms. Each chapter ends with key facts, and essay type, short answer type and multiple choice questions. The former summarizes the whole chapter, and the latter help the student to know the type of questions asked in the examination. Overview of microbiology in the last chapter summarizes the whole book. The book is user-friendly, easy to understand, and will be highly useful to MBBS, BDS, MSc and MD microbiology students.

DR Arora, MD, PhD, MNAMS, Ex-Professor and Head, Department of Microbiology, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana; and Maharaja Agarsen Medical College, Agroha, Haryana; Ex-Professor and Head, Department of Microbiology, Medical Superintendent, and Dean, Faculty of Allied Health Sciences, SGT University, Gurugram, Haryana; Lead Assessor and Member, Accreditation Committee, National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL), Gurugram, Haryana; Principal Assessor, National Accreditation Board for Hospitals & Healthcare Providers (NABH), New Delhi; Assessor, National Accreditation Board for Education and Training (NABET), New Delhi, has more than 43 years of teaching experience in microbiology to medical and dental undergraduate and

postgraduate students. Besides conducting and supervising research in microbiology, he has published nine textbooks on microbiology, parasitology and mycology, and 150 research articles in several indexed national and international journals of repute. The results of his research on malaria parasites and Klebsiella pneumoniae have been cited in World Health Organization WHO/MAL/8310003 and Topley & Wilson's Microbiology and Microbial Infections, Bacteriology, Vol 2, 10th edn, 2005, respectively. He has supervised a number of PG students of PhD, MD and MS in appreciation of outstanding research carried out by him in India on bacteriocins of Klebsiella pneumoniae, he was awarded Smt. Kunti Mehrotra Award of Indian Association of Pathologists and Microbiologists in 1983. In recognition of significant contribution to the advancement of medical sciences, he was elected Member of National Academy of Medical Sciences, India in 1985. He has been a Visiting Professor at University of Mauritius in 1989. He was awarded WHO fellowship on Laboratory Aspects of HIV/AIDS and STD at Community Health Surveillance and Laboratories Administration, Baltimore, Maryland, USA in 1992. He was honoured by Indian Medical Association, Kaithal, Haryana on the eve of Doctors' Day on 01.07.1999. He has been examiner for BDS, MBBS, MD, DNB and PhD microbiology of a number of universities. His biography including academic activities and research work has been published in Who's Who in Medicine and Healthcare 2011-12 (8th edn), NJ 07922, USA, distinguishing him as one of the leading healthcare professionals from around the world.

Brij Bala Arora, MD, Ex-Senior Professor and Head, Department of Pathology, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana; Ex-Director-Principal and Senior Professor and Head, Department of Pathology, SGT Medical College, Gurugram, Haryana, had more than 42 years of teaching experience in pathology to medical, dental and nursing undergraduate and postgraduate students. She had published five textbooks, and 175 research articles in several indexed national and international journals of repute. Her research on AgNOR staining technique received international importance and paper on morphometric analysis of AgNOR in lymph node lesions was published in "Advances in Clinical Pathology 6:95-99, 2002". She had supervised 67 PG students of PhD, MD, MS, MDS and DNB. She

had been examiner for BSc Nursing, BDS, MBBS, MD, DNB and PhD of a number of universities. She had been conferred MAMCOS scroll of honour in VIII Annual Conference on 20th December 1994 at Maulana Azad Medical College, New Delhi; Bharat Jyoti Award for outstanding services, achievements and contributions on 23rd June 2006 at New Delhi and International Gold Star Award 2010 for outstanding achievements at 25th Indo-Thai Entrepreneurs Summit on 27th August, 2010 at Bangkok, Thailand. Her biography including academic activities and research work has been published in Who's Who in Medicine and Healthcare 2011-12 (8th edn), NJ 07922, USA, distinguishing her as one of the leading healthcare professionals from around the world. She had also been conferred Lifetime Achievement Award in recognition of outstanding achievements at 33rd National Seminar on December 4th, 2012, New Delhi at Indian Achievers Forum.



New Delhi | Bengaluru | Chennai | Kochi | Kolkata | Mumbai

🎽 Bhopal | Bhubaneswar | Hyderabad | Jharkhand | Nagpur | Patna | Pune | Uttarakhand | Dhaka (Bangladesh) | Kathmandu (Nepal)



Sixth

Edition

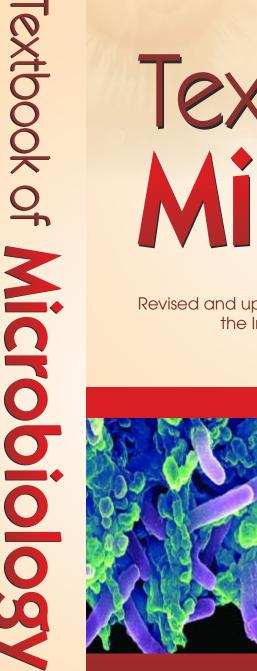






Sixth Edition





Sixth Edition

Textbook of Microbiology

Revised and updated as per the latest Competency Based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate prescribed by Medical Council of India (restructured as National Medical Commission)



DR Arora **Brij Bala Arora**

CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd

Sixth Edition

Textbook of Microbiology

Revised and updated as per the latest Competency Based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate prescribed by Medical Council of India (restructured as National Medical Commission)

Other Books by D R Arora

- Textbook of Microbiology for Dental Students, 4th ed
- Medical Parasitology, 5th ed
- Medical Mycology, 2nd ed
- Microbiology for Nursing & Allied Sciences, 2nd ed
- Practical Microbiology, 2nd ed
- Practical Microbiology for Dental Students
- Exam-Oriented Microbiology (Questions & Answers)
- Essentials of Microbiology for BSc Nursing Students
- MCQs in Microbiology and Parasitology (with Explanations)
- Microbiology for Medical Laboratory Technology Students



Textbook of Microbiology

DR Arora MD PhD MNAMS

Ex-Professor and Head, Department of Microbiology,
 Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana, and
 Maharaja Agarsen Medical College, Agroha, Haryana
 Ex-Professor and Head, Department of Microbiology,
 Medical Superintendent and Dean, Faculty of Allied Health Sciences,
 SGT University, Gurugram, Haryana
 Ex-WHO Fellow and Visiting Professor, University of Mauritius
 Lead Assessor and Member, Accreditation Committee,
 National Accreditation Board for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (NABL),
 Gurugram, Haryana
 Principal Assessor, National Accreditation Board for Hospitals and
 Healthcare Providers (NABH), New Delhi
 Assessor, National Accreditation Board for
 Education and Training (NABET), New Delhi

Late Brij Bala Arora MD

Ex-Senior Professor and Head, Department of Pathology, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, Haryana *Ex*-Director-Principal and Senior Professor and Head, Department of Pathology, SGT Medical College, Budhera, Gurugram, Haryana



CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd

New Delhi • Bengaluru • Chennai • Kochi • Kolkata • Mumbai Bhopal • Bhubaneswar • Hyderabad • Jharkhand • Nagpur • Patna • Pune • Uttarakhand • Dhaka (Bangladesh) • Kathmandu (Nepal)

Disclaimer

Science and technology are constantly changing fields. New research and experience broaden the scope of information and knowledge. The authors have tried their best in giving information available to them while preparing the material for this book. Although, all efforts have been made to ensure optimum accuracy of the material, yet it is quite possible some errors might have been left uncorrected. The publisher, the printer and the authors will not be held responsible for any inadvertent errors, or inaccuracies.



ISBN: 978-93-89565-93-5 Copyright © Dr D R Arora

Sixth Edition: 2020 First Edition: 1999 Reprint: 2001, 2002 Second Edition: 2003 Reprint: 2004, 2006 Third Edition: 2008 Reprint: 2008, 2011 Fourth Edition: 2012 Fifth Edition: 2017 Reprint: 2017

All rights are reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording, or any information storage and retrieval system without permission, in writing, from the author Dr D R Arora and the publisher.

Published by Satish Kumar Jain and produced by Varun Jain for

CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd

 4819/XI Prahlad Street, 24 Ansari Road, Daryaganj, New Delhi 110 002, India

 Ph: 011-23289259, 23266861, 23266867
 Website: www.cbspd.com

 Fax: 011-23243014
 e-mail: delhi@cbspd.com; cbspubs@airtelmail.in

 Corporate Office:
 204 FIE, Industrial Area, Patparganj, Delhi 110 092

 Ph: 011-49344934
 Fax: 011-49344935
 e-mail: publishing@cbspd.com; publicity@cbspd.com

Branches

- Bengaluru:
 Seema House 2975, 17th Cross, K.R. Road, Banasankari 2nd Stage, Bengaluru 560 070, Karnataka

 Ph: +91-80-26771678/79
 Fax: +91-80-26771680
 e-mail: 1
- Ph: +91-80-26771678/79
 Fax: +91-80-26771680
 e-mail: bangalore@cbspd.com

 • Chennai: 7, Subbaraya Street, Shenoy Nagar, Chennai 600 030, Tamil Nadu
 Ph: +91-44-26680620, 26681266
 Fax: +91-44-42032115
 e-mail: chennai@cbspd.com
- Kochi: 68/1534, 35, 36, Power House Road, Opposite KSEB, Kochi 682018, Kerala
 Ph: +91-484-4059061-65 Fax: +91-484-4059065 e-mail: kochi@cbsad.com
- Ph: +91-484-4059061-65
 Fax: +91-484-4059065
 e-mail: kochi@cbspd.com

 Kolkata:
 6/B, Ground Floor, Rameswar Shaw Road, Kolkata-700 014, West Bengal
 e-mail: kolkata@cbspd.com

 Ph: +91-33-22891126, 22891127, 22891128
 e-mail: kolkata@cbspd.com
- Mumbai:
 83-C, Dr E Moses Road, Worli, Mumbai-400018, Maharashtra

 Ph:
 +91-22-24902340/41
 Fax:
 +91-22-24902342
 e-mail: mumbai@cbspd.com

Representatives

• Bhopal	0-8319310552	Bhubaneswar	0-9911037372	 Hyderabad 	0-9885175004	 Jharkhand 	0-9811541605
Nagpur	0-9421945513	 Patna 	0-9334159340	• Pune	0-9623451994	 Uttarakhand 	0-9716462459
 Dhaka (Bangladesh) 	01912-003485	Kathmandu (N	lepal) 977-0	9818742655			

Printed at: Goyal Offset Printers, GT Karnal Road, Industrial Area, Delhi, India

Dedicated to the Sweet Memories of Our Loving Daughter, Dr Hina Arora



Dr Hina Arora BDS, IDES 2001 09•04•1976 to 02•11•2009

Foreword

Infectious diseases account for 26% of the total deaths in the world and this percentage is much higher in the developing world including India. A sound knowledge of the microbes that cause these diseases is vital in the understanding of their epidemiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis, management and prevention. The emergence of new microbes and the diseases caused by them due to changing environment and ecology is a challenge. The persistent problem of hospital-acquired infections in ever-increasing population of immunosuppressed patients nowadays and the difficulty of their management due to antimicrobial drug resistance and non-availability of new anti-infective molecules is a problem faced by the medical community. Microbiology is central to these challenges. India needs many more microbiologists and also needs to increase its diagnostic facilities.



The sixth edition of this book is an updated version of the previous one and elegantly meets the new requirements. Laboratory diagnosis of various microbial infections has been simplified with the help of flowcharts. The principal author, Dr D R Arora, is an accomplished undergraduate and postgraduate teacher and has mastered the art of interaction and communication for decades for the needs of the students. Late Dr Brij Bala Arora, the coauthor, has added the component of pathological basis of infectious diseases. The latest national and international references at the end of each chapter are provocative for the inquisitive minds. Each chapter has relevant, essay-type, short answer and multiple choice questions for quick references and prepares the examinees for future written and oral examinations.

This book will be useful for the students, teachers and practitioners of not only microbiology but also of family medicine and also those interested in infectious diseases. I strongly recommend the book to them as a daily and ready reckoner.

I wish to compliment the authors for doing an excellent job.

T D Chugh National Emeritus Professor National Academy of Medical Sciences (India)

Preface to the Sixth Edition

Human history is full of examples of major devastations caused by bacteria and viruses. Some of these historically important diseases still occur such as tuberculosis and yellow fever. Microorganisms are always one step ahead of us. We develop means (an antibiotic/a vaccine) to control/eradicate the pathogenic microorganisms and they develop genes/mechanisms to resist these means. Microorganisms are evolving to cause new infectious diseases such as Lyme disease and AIDS. On the top of that, microorganisms are being used as weapons of war. Biotechnology and genetic engineering have added new dimension to the threat whereby scientists/terrorists can alter strains of bacteria to cause atypical symptoms, acute fatal disease, and increased transmissibility, and make microorganisms resistant to usual antibiotics. Our understanding of microbiology and immunology is rapidly expanding with new discoveries in all areas. In the future, study of space microbiology may help to reveal if there is life on other planets. I, as author and teacher, used my experience to choose the most important information for inclusion in this book.

Rapidly increasing information in medical science requires that textbooks be revised and updated to keep pace. Earlier editions of the *Textbook of Microbiology* have received an overwhelming response from undergraduate and postgraduate students, and the teachers. This has played a vital role in bringing out the sixth edition of the book. Each chapter has been carefully updated and expanded to include new medically relevant discoveries. The text has been thoroughly revised as per Medical Council of India Competency-based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate. Laboratory diagnosis of various microbial infections has been simplified with the help of flowcharts. A chapter on automation in microbiology has been added. Zika virus has been described in the chapter of arboviruses. Unnecessary details have been removed. The text is presented in a simple and lucid manner. It is illustrated with coloured and computer-drawn figures, and clinical photographs and photomicrographs. These make the book colourful and the readers can have a better understanding of the biology of microorganisms. New illustrations have been added at various places for better understanding. The book is divided into seven sections: General Bacteriology; Systemic Bacteriology; Virology; Medical Mycology; Clinical Microbiology. For quick review and recapitulation, key facts and multiple choice questions have been given at the end of each chapter. In order to help the students perform better in the examination, the competencies expected from the students after reading various chapters, have been given in the beginning of the chapters.

I am thankful to many students and professional colleagues who have offered their advice and constructive criticism throughout the development of sixth edition of the book. I am deeply indebted to Dr Seema Gupta MD, Professor of Pharmacology, Government Medical College, Jammu (J&K), for contributing a chapter on chemotherapy. I am also thankful to Dr PS Gill, Professor of Microbiology, Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Rohtak, for drawing the figures. I am grateful for valuable professional help and support provided by Mr YN Arjuna (Senior Vice President—Publishing, Editorial and Publicity), Ms Ritu Chawla (General Manager—Production), Mr BM Singh and other staff at CBS Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd. I honestly acknowledge the most sincere and dedicated support and advice of Mr Dharmvir. Thanks are also due to Mr Neeraj Sharma for thorough and careful proofreading.

This book will be highly useful to MBBS, BDS, MSc and MD microbiology students. It is also hoped that it will serve as a useful resource for teachers of microbiology and other specialities including infectious diseases. The readers are requested to send their suggestions for the improvement of the book which will be incorporated in the subsequent editions. Shortcomings, if any, may please be communicated at draroradr@rediffmail.com.

Preface to the First Edition

A majority of the patients seeking medical advice are suffering from some sort of infectious disease and more than one-third of total deaths in the world are associated with microbial diseases. Millions of infants die of bacterial, viral and protozoal infections, and antimicrobial drug resistance and hospital-associated infections are causing considerable alarm. The re-emergence of infectious diseases, thought to be well under control in large parts of the world, and emergence of new infections with high case fatality rates and the potential of their rapid spread have led the WHO to issue a wake up call. The eradication of smallpox and effective control of many communicable diseases has led to a false sense of security and complacency in many countries.

New agents of infectious diseases continue to be recognized. The most notorious of these is undoubtedly the human immunodeficiency virus, the causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome. It was identified in 1983. The outbreaks of plague in 1994, cholera in 1995, and dengue haemorrhagic fever in 1996, among many others, have highlighted the urgency for strengthening the disease surveillance system so that early warning signals are recognized and appropriate control measures are initiated in a timely manner.

Microbiologists face many new species, genera and families of microorganisms and some of them have been re-assigned to these. The methods of laboratory diagnosis of infectious diseases and vaccine production have been revolutionized with the development of recombinant DNA technology, polymerase chain reaction, nucleic acid probes, radioimmunoassay, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, etc. Therefore, a thorough knowledge of microbiology is essential to every healthcare worker. This book gives all the essential details of general microbiology, description of various microorganisms, i.e. morphology, cultural characteristics, antigenic structure, toxin production, pathogenesis, immunity, epidemiology, laboratory diagnosis, prevention and treatment.

There is a well-known saying, "prevention is better than cure", therefore, methods of prevention of each infectious disease including vaccines have been described. However, if disease has established then an early and accurate diagnosis is essential. The same has been described in proper details giving all latest methods of diagnosis.

D R Arora

Index of Competencies

Competency-based Undergraduate Curriculum for the Indian Medical Graduate

MI1.1	Describe different causative agents of infectious diseases, the methods used in their detection, and discuss the role of microbes in health and disease.	72
MI1.2	Perform and identify different causative agents of infectious diseases by Gram stain and Ziehl-Neelsen stain.	28
MI1.3	Describe the epidemiological basis of common infectious diseases.	28
MI1.4	Classify different methods of sterilization and disinfection. Discuss the application of the different methods in the laboratory, in clinical and surgical practice.	38
MI1.5	Choose the most appropriate method of sterilization and disinfection to be used in the laboratory, in clinical and	
	surgical practice.	38
MI1.6(a)	Describe the mechanism of drug resistance.	57
MI1.6(b)	Describe the methods of antimicrobial susceptibility testing and monitoring of antimicrobial therapy.	554
MI1.7	Describe the immunological mechanisms in health.	79
MI1.8	Describe the mechanisms of immunity and response of the host immune system to infections.	79
MI1.9(a)	Discuss the immunological basis of vaccines.	79
MI1.9(b)		560
MI1.10(a)	Describe the immunological mechanisms of hypersensitivity and discuss the laboratory methods used in detection of hypersensitivity.	137
MI1.10(b)	Describe the immunological mechanisms of autoimmunity.	145
MI1.10(c)	Describe immunological mechanisms in immunological disorder in immunodeficiency states.	132
MI1.11	Describe the immunological mechanisms of transplantation and tumour immunity.	150
MI2.1	Describe etiologic agents of rheumatic fever and their diagnosis.	172
MI2.2	Describe etiopathogenesis, clinical features and discuss diagnostic modalities of infective endocarditis.	2, 542
MI2.3	Identify the microbial agents causing rheumatic heart disease and infective endocarditis.	172
MI2.7	Describe the epidemiology, pathogenesis, evolution, complications, opportunistic infections, diagnosis, prevention and the principles of management of HIV infection.	469
MI3.1	Enumerate microbial agents causing diarrhoea and dysentery. Describe the epidemiology, morphology, pathogenesis, clinical features and diagnostic modalities of these agents. 267, 283, 288, 304	1, 542
MI3.2	Identify the common etiological agents of diarrhea and dysentery. 267, 283, 288, 304	1, 542
MI3.3	Describe the enteric fever pathogens and discuss the evolution of the clinical course and the laboratory diagnosis of the diseases caused by them.	288
MI3.4	Identify the different modalities for diagnosis of enteric fever. Choose the appropriate test related to the duration of illness.	288
MI3.5	Enumerate the causative agents of food poisoning and discuss the pathogenesis, clinical course and laboratory diagnosis. 163, 212, 288	3, 542
MI3.6	Describe the etiopathogenesis of acid peptic disease (APD) and the clinical course. Discuss the diagnosis and management of the causative agent of APD.	314
MI3.7	Describe the epidemiology, the etiopathogenesis and discuss the viral markers in the evolution of viral hepatitis. Discuss the modalities in the diagnosis and prevention of viral hepatitis.	481
MI3.8	Choose the appropriate laboratory tests in the diagnosis of viral hepatitis with emphasis on viral markers.	481
MI4.1	Enumerate the microbial agents causing anaerobic infections. Describe the etiopathogenesis, clinical course and discuss the laboratory diagnosis of anaerobic infections. 212	2, 247
MI4.2	Describe etiopathogenesis, clinical course and discuss the laboratory diagnosis of bone and joint infections.	163
MI4.3	Describe etiopathogenesis of infections of skin and soft tissue and discuss the clinical course and the laboratory diagnosis.	503
MI5.1	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, clinical course and discuss the laboratory diagnosis of meningitis. 183, 189, 328, 414, 429, 455	5, 542

Textbook of Microbiology

MI5.2		429, 455
MI5.3 MI6.1	Identify the microbial agents causing meningitis. 183, 189, 319, 328, 414, 429, 4 Describe the etiopathogenesis, laboratory diagnosis and prevention of infections of upper and lower respiratory	455, 542
	tract.	28, 542
MI6.2	Identify the common etiologic agents of upper respiratory tract infections (Gram staining). 28, 163, 1	183, 542
MI6.3	Identify the common etiologic agents of lower respiratory tract infections (Gram stain and Ziehl-Neelsen stain).	
		183, 542
MI7.1 MI7.2	Describe the etiopathogenesis and discuss laboratory diagnosis of infections of genitourinary system. Describe the etiopathogenesis and discuss the laboratory diagnosis of sexually transmitted infections. Describe	28, 542
MI7.2	the preventive measures.	28, 542
MI7.3	Describe the etiopathogenesis, clinical features, the appropriate method for specimen collection, and discuss the laboratory diagnosis of urinary tract infections. 163, 172, 189, 223, 267, 279, 314, 319, 3	
MI8.1	Enumerate the microbial agents and their vectors causing zoonotic diseases. Describe the morphology, mode	298, 435
MI8.2	Describe the etiopathogenesis of opportunistic infections (OI) and discuss the factors contributing to the	290, 499
	occurrence of OI, and the laboratory diagnosis.	469
MI8.3	Describe the role of oncogenic viruses in the evolution of virus-associated malignancy.	492
MI8.4	Describe etiologic agents of emerging infectious diseases. Discuss the clinical course and diagnosis.	539
MI8.5	Define healthcare-associated infections (HAI) and enumerate the types. Discuss the factors that contribute to the development of HAI and the methods for prevention.	469
MI8.6	Describe the basics of infection control.	409 550
MI8.7	Demonstrate infection control practices and use of personal protective equipment (PPE).	550
MI8.8	Describe the methods used and significance of assessing the microbial contamination of food, water and air.	565
MI8.9	Discuss the appropriate method of collection of specimen in the performance of laboratory tests in the detection	000
	of microbial agents causing infectious disease.	28
MI8.11	Demonstrate respect for patient samples sent to the laboratory for performance of laboratory tests in the detection of microbial agents causing infectious disease.	587
MI8.12	Discuss confidentiality pertaining to patient identity in laboratory results.	581
MI8.13	Discuss the appropriate laboratory test in the diagnosis of the infectious disease.	581
MI8.14	Demonstrate confidentiality pertaining to patient identity in laboratory results.	587
MI8.15	Choose and interpret the results of the laboratory tests used in diagnosis of infectious disease.	581
MI8.16	Describe the National Health Programmes in the prevention of common infectious diseases.	560
BI10.5	Describe antigens and concept involved in vaccine development.	79, 87
PA7.5	Describe the immunology and the immune response to cancer.	150
PA9.1	Describe the principles and mechanisms involved in immunity.	117
PA9.2	Describe the mechanisms of hypersensitivity reactions.	137
PA9.3	Describe the HLA system and the immune principles involved in transplant and mechanisms of transplant rejection.	
PA9.6	Define and describe the pathogenesis and pathology of HIV and AIDS.	469
PA10.3	Define and describe the pathogenesis and pathology of leprosy.	239
PA22.5	Enumerate and describe infections transmitted by blood transfusion.	156
PA26.4	Define and describe the etiology, types, pathogenesis, stages, morphology microscopic appearance and complications of tuberculosis.	223
PA35.1	Describe the etiology, pathogenesis, differentiating factors and CSF findings in meningitis.	542
PH1.43	Describe and discuss the rational use of antimicrobials including antibiotic stewardship programme.	550
PH1.45	Describe the drugs used in multidrug-resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) and extensively drug-resistant tuberculosis	
	(XDR-TB).	223
CM3.3	Describe the etiology and basis of water-borne diseases.	565
CM3.6	Describe the role of vectors in the causation of diseases.	72
CM14.1	Define and classify hospital waste.	38
CM14.2	Describe various methods of treatment of hospital waste.	38
CM14.3	Describe laws related to hospital waste management.	38
DR7.1	Describe the etiology, microbiology, pathogenesis, clinical presentations and diagnostic features of dermatophytes.	503
DR7.2	Identify <i>Candida</i> species in fungal scrapings and KOH mount.	503
DR9.1	Classify, describe the epidemiology, microbiology, pathogenesis, clinical presentations and diagnostic features of leprosy.	239

xii

xiii

DR10.1	Identify and classify syphilis based on the presentation and clinical manifestations.	252
DR10.2	Identify spirochete in dark-ground microscopy.	252
DR10.6	Describe the etiology, diagnostic and clinical features of non-syphilitic sexually transmitted diseases (chancroid, donovanosis, and lymphogranuloma venereum).	28, 358, 369, 542
DR10.7	Identify and differentiate based on the clinical features of non-syphilitic sexually transmitted diseases (chancroid, donovanosis and lymphogranuloma venereum). 3	28, 358, 369, 542
DR15.2	Identify Staphylococcus on a Gram stain.	163
DE1.2	Discuss the role of causative microorganisms in the etiopathogenesis of dental caries.	172, 247
DE1.4	Discuss the role of dental caries as a focus of sepsis.	172, 247
IM1.3	Describe and discuss etiology, microbiology, pathogenesis and clinical evolution of rheumatic fever, criter degree of rheumatic activity and rheumatic valvular heart disease and its complications including infective endocarditis.	
IM1.22	Assist and demonstrate the proper technique in collecting specimen for blood culture.	28
IM3.1	Define, discuss, describe and distinguish community acquired pneumonia, nosocomial pneumonia and	
	aspiration pneumonia.	183, 325, 344
IM4.13	Perform and interpret a sputum Gram stain.	28
IM4.14	Perform and interpret a sputum Ziehl-Neelsen stain.	28
IM4.19	Assist in the collection of blood and wound cultures.	28
IM4.20	Interpret a PPD (Mantoux).	223
IM5.4	Describe and discuss the epidemiology, microbiology, immunology and clinical evolution of infective (vir hepatitis.	al) 481
IM6.1	Describe and discuss the symptoms and signs of acute HIV seroconversion.	469
IM6.2	Define and classify HIV/AIDS based on the CDC criteria.	469
IM6.3	Describe and discuss the relationship between CD4+ T cell count and the risk of opportunistic infections.	469
IM6.4	Describe and discuss the pathogenesis, evolution and clinical features of common HIV related opportunist infections.	tic 469
IM6.10	Choose and interpret appropriate diagnostic tests and classify the severity of HIV/AIDS including specific t of HIV.	ests 469
IM6.18	Describe and discuss the principles and regimens used in post-exposure prophylaxis.	469
IM16.10	Identify Vibrio cholerae in a hanging drop specimen.	304
IM25.9	Assist in the collection of blood and other specimen cultures.	28
PE19.1	Explain the components of the Universal Immunization Programme and the Sub National Immunization Programmes.	560
PE26.12	Discuss the prevention of hepatitis B infection-universal precautions and immunisation.	481
PE30.13	Discuss the etiopathogenesis, clinical features, management and prevention of poliomyelitis in children.	429
PE34.7	Interpret a Mantoux test.	223
PE34.11	Perform Ziehl-Neelsen staining.	28
PE34.12	Enumerate the indications and discuss the limitation of methods of culturing Mycobacterium tuberculosis.	223, 377
SU13.1	Describe the immunological basis of organ transplantation.	150
SU14.1	Describe aseptic techniques, sterilization and disinfection.	38
SU15.1	Describe classification of hospital waste and appropriate methods of disposal.	38
SU29.3	Describe the clinical features, investigations and principles of management of urinary tract infection.	542
CT1.2	Describe and discuss the microbiology of tubercle bacillus, mode of transmission, pathogenesis, clinical evolution and natural history of pulmonary and extrapulmonary forms (including lymph nodes, bone and CNS) of tuberculosis.	223
CT1.7	Perform and interpret Monteux test, and describe and discuss the indications and pitfalls of the test.	223
CT1.7 CT1.13	Describe and discuss the origin, indications, technique of administration, efficacy and complications of BC	
C11.13	vaccine.	223

Index of Competencies

Contents

Foreword Preface to the Sixth Edition Excerpts from Preface to the First Edition Index of Competencies			vii ix x xi
Section	1: Gene	ral Bacteriology	
 1. Introduction Origin of microbial life 3 The developing science of microbiology 4 Koch's postulates 4 The beginning of virology 5 Contributions of various scientists in the field of microbiology 5 	3	 4. Aldehydes 44 5. Alcohols 44 6. Dyes 44 7. Vapour-phase disinfectants 45 8. Surface active disinfectants 45 Biomedical Waste Management Rules, 2016 46 6. Chemotherapy 	52
2. Morphology of Bacteria	9	Antimicrobial agents 52	
Size of bacteria 9 Shape of bacteria 10 Group patterns 11 Anatomy of a bacterial cell 11		7. Bacterial Genetics Structure of DNA 57 Structure of RNA 57	57
3. Growth and Nutrition of Bacteria	20	Extrachromosomal genetic elements 58 Genotypic and phenotypic variations 58	
 Bacterial growth 20 Bacterial growth curve 20 Culture media 21 Environmental factors influencing growth 23 Culture methods 24 Aerobic culture 25 Culture in an atmosphere with added carbon dioxide 25 Culture in microaerophilic atmosphere 25 Anaerobic culture 25 		 Lac operon (gene regulation) 59 Mutation 59 Acquisition of new genes 61 Antibiotic resistance 64 Transposable genetic elements 65 Genetic engineering (recombinant DNA technology) 6 DNA probes 67 Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) 67 8. Bacteria in Health and Disease	55 72
4. Collection of Specimens, Identification of Bacteria and Taxonomy	28	Infection 72 Sources of infection 73	
General rules for collection and transportation of specimen 28 Identification of bacteria 30 Bacterial taxonomy 34		Modes of spread of infection 74 9. Immunity I. Innate immunity 79	79
5. Sterilization, Disinfection and Biomedical Waste Management	38	II. Acquired immunity 82 Adoptive immunity 84 Local immunity 84	
 A. Physical agents 38 1. Sunlight 38 2. Drying 38 3. Heat 38 4. Filtration 42 5. Radiations 43 B. Chemical agents 43 1. Phenols 43 2. Halogens 44 3. Metallic salts 44 		Herd immunity 84 10. Antigens Superantigens 89 11. Antibodies Antibody structure 91 Immunoglobulins as antigens 92 Immunoglobulin classes 93 Abnormal immunoglobulins 96	87 91

Textbook of Microbiology

13. Antigen-Antibody Reactions 104 Type IV hypersensitivity: Cell-mediated or delayed 141 Characteristics of antigen-antibody reactions 104 matheds used to detect and quantitate antigen and antibody 105 117 18. Autoimmunity 143 14. Architecture of the Immune System 117 18. Autoimmunity 145 Peripheral hypholoi organs 118 124 18. Autoimmunity 145 Cells of the immune system 119 124 19. Histocompatibility Systems 150 Thumoto or antibody-mediated immune response 124 124 19. Histocompatibility cesting 131 150 Cell-mediated immune responses 127 124 19. Histocompatibility cesting 131 150 Types of grafts 150 Types of grafts 150 150 Major histocompatibility cesting 131 150 Type I hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 137 20. Immunohaematology 156 Staphylococcus 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 239 Staphylococcus aureus 165 Cogaluse-negative staphylococci 169 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 247 23. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 158 164 30. Mycobacterium leprae 252 Treponema patibilitis	12.	The Complement System	98		Type II hypersensitivity: Cytotoxic 139	
Methods used to detect and quantitate antigen and antibody 105 Type V Hypersensitivity: Simulatory or anti-sceptor 1/2 14. Architecture of the Immune System 117 15. Immune Response 117 16. Immune Gesponse 124 17. Hypersensitivity: Simulatory Discoversity 124 18. Autoimmunity 145 Classification of autoimmune discases 146 15. Immunodeficiency Diseases 124 19. Histocompatibility cesting 151 130 19. Hypersensitivity: 137 13. Represensitivity: 137 13. Staphylococcus 163 3. Staphylococcus 163 3. Staphylococcus and Enterococus 163 3. Streptococcus and Enterococus 172 13. Non-spontalistic representativitis (NCU) 105 172 14. Neisseria, Morazella and Acinetobacter 189 Non-spontacceal and publichraic 199 201 Non-spontaceal in terms 207 201 Relapsing fever 260 202 Non-spontaceal in antipublicocids) 204 214 21. Streptococcus and Enterococus in 189 189 Non-spontaceal in antipublicority 195 180 Non-spontaceal in 195 201 <td>13.</td> <td>Antigen–Antibody Reactions</td> <td>104</td> <td></td> <td>Type III hypersensitivity: Immune complex <i>140</i> Type IV hypersensitivity: Cell-mediated or</td> <td></td>	13.	Antigen–Antibody Reactions	104		Type III hypersensitivity: Immune complex <i>140</i> Type IV hypersensitivity: Cell-mediated or	
14. Architecture of the immune System 117 Primary lymphoid organs 117 118. Autoimmunity 145 Periphenal lymphoid organs 118 Cassification of autoimmune diseases 146 150 15. Immune Response 124 19. Histocompatibility Systems 150 16. Immune Gesponse 124 19. Histocompatibility Systems 150 17. Hypersensitivity 132 137 132 136 17. Hypersensitivity 137 137 137 137 136 18. Satphylococcus 132 137 137 136 130. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Mycobacterium leprae 130 130. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Mycobacterium leprae 240 146 146 147 18. Autoimmunity 145 145 145 19. Histocompatibility compatibility complex. 150 150 150 19. Mycobacterium leprae 239 146 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 19. Kaphylococcus and Enterococcus 168 30. Mycobacterium leprae 247 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 127 148 145		Methods used to detect and quantitate antigen and			Type V Hypersensitivity: Stimulatory or anti- receptor 142	
Primary lymphoid organs 117 145 Peripheral lymphoid organs 118 116 Cells of the immune system 119 124 15. Immune Response 124 16. Immunodeficiency Diseases 124 17. Hypersensitivity 137 18. Immunodeficiency Diseases 132 Primary immunodeficiency Diseases 132 17. Hypersensitivity 137 18. Section 2: Systemic Bacteriology 137 19. Histocompatibility scing 151 137 19. Hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 19. Staphylococcus aureus 163 163 20. Immunohaematology 150 21. Staphylococcus aureus 163 163 22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 163 23. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 23. Streptococcus and Acinetobacter 172 24. Neisseria, Moraxelia and Acinetobacter 189 Non-seporing Anaerobes 250 Non-seporing Anaerobes 259 Non-seporing Anaerobes 250 Treponema 251 Treponema 252 183 Treponema 252 184 Reseria maningitidis (meningoco	14.	Architecture of the Immune System	117		Shwartzman reaction 142	
Peripheral lymphoid organs 1/8 Cells of the immune system 1/9 Mechanism of autoimmunity 1/85 Classification of autoimmune diseases 1/46 15. Immunodeficiency Isoses 1/27 Cell-mediated immune response 1/27 Cell-mediated immune responses 1/27 124 19. Histocompatibility Systems 150 16. Immunodeficiency Isoses 172 19. Histocompatibility Systems 150 Primary: immunodeficiency Isoses 173 17 17 17 17. Hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 137 137 20. Immunodeficiency Isoses target 137 137 137 21. Staphylococcus 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Staphylococcus aureus 163 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 249 22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 183 Treponema 253 Treponema 253 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 253 Treponema 252 183 Treponema 253 Treponema 253 184 Treponema 253 185 185 186 186 187 186 186 187 186 186 187 186 186 187 186 186 186 186 186 186	<u></u>	-		18.		145
Humonal or anibody-mediated immune response 124 Types of grafts 159 Humonal or anibody-mediated immune response 127 Types of grafts 159 Allograft reaction 150 Allograft reaction 150 Humonal or anibody-mediated immune response 127 132 Is. Immunodeficiency Diseases 132 Primary immunodeficiency syndromes 132 132 Secondary immunodeficiency 135 137 I. Hypersensitivity 137 Type 1 hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 20. Immunohematology 152 Section 2: Systemic Bacteriology 20. Immunohematology 21. Staphylococcus and Entercoccus 163 Onder cosquase-negative staphylococci 169 163 Other cosquase-negative staphylococci 169 172 23. Streptococcus and Entercoccus 172 24. Neisseria Morazella and Acinetobacter 189 Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Nen-veneral treponematoses 259 Nen-veneral treponematoses 259 26 Corynebacterium 195 Acinetobacter 196 204 25. Corynebacterium 219 36. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebslella and Other Genera 267		Peripheral lymphoid organs 118				
Cell-mediated immune responses 127 Allograft reaction 150 Millograft reaction 150 Major histocompatibility complex 150 16. Immunodeficiency Diseases 132 Primary immunodeficiency 135 132 17. Hypersensitivity 137 Type I hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 20. Immunohaematology 152 Foctus as a graft 152 Tumour immunology 152 21. Staphylococcus 163 Staphylococcus aureus 163 0. Mycobacterium leprae Cagulase-negative staphylococci 168 163 Other cogulase-negative staphylococci 169 172 23. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 Classification 172 172 23. Streptococcus pneumonlae (Pneumococcus) 183 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Prepnema pallidum 253 Non-venercal treponematoses 259 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Prepnema pallidum 253 Non-venercal treponematoses 259 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 Non-sporing Anaerobes	15.	Immune Response	124	19.	Histocompatibility Systems	150
16. Immunodeficiency Diseases 132 Histocompatibility testing 151 Primary immunodeficiency syndromes 132 132 Fistocompatibility testing 151 Secondary immunodeficiency 135 137 137 17. Hypersensitivity 137 137 Type 1 hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 20. Immunohaematology 152 21. Staphylococcus 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Staphylococcus and Enterococcus 168 30. Mycobacterium lepraemarium 245 247 22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 Bacteroidaceae 249 247 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 253 7 24. Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Non-venereal treponema 253 7 7 Nesteseria gonortheae (gonococcus) 129 189 Relapsing fever 260 80 80 Non-exteriati 195 199 33. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Kebsiella and Other Genera 267 34. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia 219 35. Shigella 283 Moracella 195 214 214 214 214 25. Corynebacterium 216 217 36. Sa					Allograft reaction 150	
Finally immunochecker 135 Foctus as a graft 152 17. Hypersensitivity 137 Type I hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 137 20. Immunohaematology 153 Foctus as a graft 152 Tumour immunology 152 Tumour immunology 152 Tumour immunology 152 Staphylococcus Staphylococcus Staphylococcus aureus 163 Coggulase-negative staphylococci 168 Other coagulase-negative staphylococcus Classification 172 23. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 183 Treponema 253 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Barceroidaccae 249 247 248 Non-venereal treponema 253 Non-venereal treponema 253 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Barrelia 200 Non-venereal treponema 252 Non-venereal treponema 253 Non-venereal treponema 253 Non-venereal treponema 252	16.	Immunodeficiency Diseases	132		Histocompatibility testing 151	
17. Hypersensitivity 137 20. Immunohaematology 156 Type I hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137 20. Immunohaematology 156 Section 2: Systemic Bacteriology 21. Staphylococcus Staphylococcus aureus 163 20. Immunohaematology 239 Congulase-negative staphylococci 168 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Other congulase-negative staphylococci 168 247 Classification 172 212 2. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 32. Spirochaetes 252 2. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 252 7 Non-sporing Anaerobes 247 Non-sporing Anaerobes 249 Non-sporing Anaerobes 249 Non-sporing Anaerobes 252 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Foetus as a graft 152</td><td></td></t<>					Foetus as a graft 152	
Section 2: Systemic Bacteriology Staphylococcus Staphylococcus aureus 163 Cagulase-negative staphylococci 168 Other coagulase-negative staphylococci 169 21. Streptococcus aureus 163 Cassification 172 Classification 172 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 252 Treponema 251 Treponema 251 Treponema 251 Treponema 251 Treponema 251 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Nerseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Relapsing fever 260 Borrelia wircenti 261 Depresenta outrer 196 207 S. Shigella 36. Salmonella 207 Bacillus anuthracis 207 <	17.	Hypersensitivity	137	00		150
21. Staphylococcus 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Staphylococcus aureus 163 Coagulase-negative staphylococci 168 Mycobacterium lepraemurium 245 247 22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 31. Non-sporing Anaerobes 247 Classification 172 32. Spirochaetes 252 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 252 Treponema 252 Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Relapsing fever 260 Non-sponococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 189 Non-diphtheria 261 Borrelia vincentil 261 Borrelia vincentil 261 25. Corynebacterium 195 Schigella and Other Genera 267 26. Bacillus 207 35. Shigella 283 27. Clostridium 212 37. Yersinia 298 27. Clostridium tetani 216 216 212 36. Salmonella 288 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 212 37. Yersinia 298 304 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 39. Campylobacter 314 314 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 39. Campylobacter 316 314		Type I hypersensitivity: Anaphylactic 137		20.	Immunonaematology	156
21. Staphylococcus 163 30. Mycobacterium leprae 239 Staphylococcus aureus 163 Coagulase-negative staphylococci 168 Mycobacterium lepraemurium 245 247 22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus 172 31. Non-sporing Anaerobes 247 Classification 172 32. Spirochaetes 252 23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema 252 Treponema 252 Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Relapsing fever 260 Non-sponococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 189 Non-diphtheria 261 Borrelia vincentil 261 Borrelia vincentil 261 25. Corynebacterium 195 Schigella and Other Genera 267 26. Bacillus 207 35. Shigella 283 27. Clostridium 212 37. Yersinia 298 27. Clostridium tetani 216 216 212 36. Salmonella 288 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 212 37. Yersinia 298 304 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 39. Campylobacter 314 314 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 39. Campylobacter 316 314						
Stephylococcus aureus 163 Coagulase-negative staphylococci 16821. Streptococcus and Enterococcus17222. Streptococcus and Enterococcus17223. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)18324. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter183Neisseria genorrhoeae (genococcus) 192 Non-goncoccul urethritis (NGU) 195 Kingella 195 Acinetobacter 19618925. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419926. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920727. Clostridium Clostridium tuberculosis20728. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Moroxedum 1216 Clostridium tuberculosis20729. Nee Aberneline Minedenteria Mycobacterium tuberculosis20720. Nee Aberneline Minedenteria Mycobacterium tuberculosis21220. Nee Aberneline Minedenteria Clostridium tuberculosis22320. Nee Aberneline Minedenteria Mycobacterium tuberculosis22321. Costridium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis22322. Streptococcus aureutive 23322323. Streptococcus preumoniae (Pneumococcus)22324. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia Sciencia Clostridium tuberculosis20725. Shigella 		Section 2:	Syster	mic I	Bacteriology	
Coagulase-negative staphylococci 168 Other coagulase-negative staphylococci 16931. Non-sporing Anaerobes24722. Streptococcus and Enterococcus Classification 17217232. Spirochaetes25223. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 252 Treponema 26225225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheriae 207 Bacillus cereus 20919933. Enterobacteriae and Providencia 27926. Bacillus Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium fortigicile 216 Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium dificile 216 Clo	21.	Staphylococcus	163	30.	Mycobacterium leprae	239
Other cogulase-negative staphylococci 16931. Non-sporing Anaerobes24722. Streptococcus and Enterococcus172Bacteroidaceae 24932. Spirochaetes25223. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 252 Treponema 25325224. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter Neisseria gonorrhoeae (gonococcus) 189 Non-sponcoccus) 192 Non-gonococcus 195 Acinetobacter 196189Non-veneral allidum 253 Borrelia 260 Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Leptospira 262 Leptospira 26225225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera 26226726. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28827. Clostridium Clostridium dificile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium 121921237. Yersinia29828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 316314					Mycobacterium lepraemurium 245	
22. Streptococcus and Enterococcus172Bacteroidaceae 24923. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 25223. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 25324. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter189Non-venereal treponematoses 25926. Neisseria genorrhozed (genococcus) 192Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195Non-venereal treponematoses 261Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 19519933. Enterobacteria 261Leptospira 26225. Corynebacterium19933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus20735. Shigella283Bacillus anthracis 20735. Shigella28326. Clostridium21236. Salmonella28827. Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium tetani 21621239. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum30428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis22339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum314Mycobacterium tuberculosis207314				31.	Non-sporing Anaerobes	247
Classification 17232. Spirochaetes25223. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 252 Treponema pallidum 25325424. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter Neisseria genorrhoze (gonococcus) 189 Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 Kingella 195 Moraxella 195 Acinetobacter 196189Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Borrelia vincentii 261 Borrelia vincentii 261 Borrelia vincentii 261 Borrelia vincentii 262 Leptospira 26225225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium dufficile 216 Clostridium 21921238. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Halophilic vibrios 30930428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, 141 Helicobacter 316314	~~		470			_
23. Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)183Treponema 252 Treponema pallidum 25324. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter Neisseria meningitidis (meningococus) 189 Neisseria gnorrhoeae (gonococcus) 192 Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 Kingella 195 Acinetobacter 196189Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Borrelia 260 Borrelia vincentii 261 Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Leptospira 262260 Relapsing fever 260 Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Leptospira 262261 262 Leptospira 26225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera267 34. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27926. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella288 36. Salmonella28827. Clostridium Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921237. Yersinia29828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Alle Melicobacter 316314	22.		1/2	32	Spirochaetes	252
23. Streptococcus pheumoniae (Pneumococcus) 183 Treponema pallidum 253 24. Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter 189 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Neisseria genorrhoeae (gonococcus) 192 189 Non-venereal treponematoses 259 Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 189 Borrelia 260 Kingella 195 Acinetobacter 196 201 25. Corynebacterium 199 33. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera 267 26. Bacillus 207 35. Shigella 283 Bacillus anthracis 207 205 Shigella 288 27. Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 212 36. Salmonella 288 212 38. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas 304 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 29. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum 314 208 Noscherterium tuberculosis 223 23 24 24						
24. Neisseria, worazelia and Acherobacter 169 Borrelia 260 Neisseria genorhoeae (genococcus) 189 Relapsing fever 260 Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Kingella 195 Dersetia 195 Acinetobacter 196 199 25. Corynebacterium 199 Corynebacterium 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 204 207 26. Bacillus 207 Bacillus anthracis 207 207 Bacillus creus 209 212 Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 212 Clostridium botulinum 219 212 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 29. Nue tuberculosis complex 223 205	23.	Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus)	183		Treponema pallidum 253	
Neisseria meningitidis (meningococcus) 189 Neisseria gonorrhoeae (gonococcus) 192 Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 Kingella 195 Acinetobacter 196Relapsing fever 260 Borrelia vincentii 261 Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Leptospira interrogans 26225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus Bacillus cereus 209207 Bacillus cereus 20935. Shigella 36. Salmonella28827. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium botulinum 21921237. Yersinia Bacillus 30929828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, 314 Helicobacter 316314	24.	Neisseria, Moraxella and Acinetobacter	189			
Non-gonococcal urethritis (NGU) 195 Kingella 195 Acinetobacter 196Borrelia burgdorferi 261 Leptospira 262 Leptospira interrogans 26225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920734. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27927. Clostridium Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Salmonella28838. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Halophilic vibrios 30930428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316314						
Kingella 195 Moraxella 195 Acinetobacter 196Dornate blancher 19625. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921237. Yersinia29828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316314						
Moraxella 195 Acinetobacter 196Leptospira interrogans 26225. Corynebacterium Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20419933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera26726. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920734. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27927. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Salmonella28828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis Campylobacter, Helicobacter 31622339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316314		e ,			0	
25. Corynebacterium19933. Enterobacteriaceae: Escherichia, Klebsiella and Other Genera267Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20434. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27926. Bacillus Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Salmonella29838. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Halophilic vibrios 30930428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316314						
25. Corynebacterium199Klebsiella and Other Genera267Corynebacterium diphtheriae 199 Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20434. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27926. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Salmonella28828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 316314		Acinetobacter 196		22	Enterchastariassas, Escharishia	
Non-diphtheria corynebacteria (diphtheroids) 20434. Proteus, Morganella and Providencia27926. Bacillus Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20920735. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Salmonella28828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 316314	25.		199	33.		267
Bacillus anthracis 207 Bacillus cereus 20935. Shigella28327. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium botulinum 21936. Salmonella28821237. Yersinia29838. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Halophilic vibrios 30930428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316314				34.	Proteus, Morganella and Providencia	279
Bacillus anthracis 207 36. Salmonella 288 27. Clostridium 212 36. Salmonella 298 Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 212 37. Yersinia 298 Clostridium difficile 216 216 38. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas 304 Clostridium botulinum 219 283 39. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum 314 Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 298 212 314	26.	Bacillus	207	35	Shigella	283
27. Clostridium Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21921236. Saimonella28837. Yersinia29838. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Halophilic vibrios 30930428. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22322329. Nan tuberculosis Muschasteria205				<u>.</u>	ongena	
Clostridium perfringens (Clostridium welchii) 212 Clostridium difficile 216 Clostridium tetani 216 Clostridium botulinum 21937. Yersinia29828. Mycobacterium tuberculosis Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 22339. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316304		Bacillus cereus 209		36.	Salmonella	288
Clostriatum perfringens (Clostriatum weichti) 212 314 Clostridium difficile 216 38. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Clostridium tetani 216 38. Vibrio, Aeromonas and Plesiomonas Clostridium botulinum 219 39. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum Mycobacterium tuberculosis 39. Campylobacter 314 Mycobacterium tuberculosis 314	27.		212	37	Varsinia	208
Clostridium telum 210 Halophilic vibrios 309 28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 223 223 29. New twheeverlages Mycobacteria 205		Clostridium difficile 216				-
28. Mycobacterium tuberculosis 223 39. Campylobacter, Helicobacter and Spirillum 314 Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 223 Campylobacter 314 314 New twberculosis Mucobacter 316 314				50.		004
Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex 223 Campylobacter 314 Helicobacter 316 Helicobacter 316	28		223	20	*	21/
Helicobacter 316	20.		220	55.		- 514
	29.	· *	235			

Contents

40.	Pseudomonas and Burkholderia	319
41.	Legionella	325
42.	Haemophilus	328
	Other haemophili 331	
43.	Bordetella	334
44.	Brucella	339
45.	Mycoplasma and Ureaplasma	344
	Atypical pneumonia 348	_
46.	Rickettsia, Orientia, Ehrlichia, Anaplasma, Neorickettsia, Coxiella and Bartonella	350
	Rickettsiaceae 350 Anaplasmataceae 354	_

Coxiellaceae *354* Bartonellaceae *355* **47. Chlamydia and Chlamydophila**

48.	Actinomycetes	364
49.	Miscellaneous Bacteria	369

50. Automation in Microbiology 377

- Automated specimen processing 378
 Automated identification and antimicrobial susceptibility testing systems 378
- 3. Molecular automation 380
- 4. Total laboratory automation (TLA) 381
- 5. Proteomic-based automated identification system *381*
- Criteria for evaluation and selection of automated system 381

Section 3: Virology

51.	General Properties of Viruses	385
	Structure of the viruses 385 Shape 386	
	Susceptibility to physical and chemical agents 386	
	Viral haemagglutination <i>387</i> Replication of viruses <i>387</i>	
	Virus isolation 390	
	Viral assay 392	
	Viral genetics 393	
	Nomenclature of viruses <i>394</i> Classification of viruses <i>394</i>	
	Classification of viruses 394	
52.	Virus–Host Interactions, Laboratory	
	Diagnosis of Viral Infections, and Viral Vaccines	399
		299
	Transmission of human virus infections 400 Host response to virus infection 401	
	Laboratory diagnosis of viral infections 402	
	Viral vaccines 403	
	Antiviral therapy 404	
53.	Bacteriophage	407
54.	Poxviruses	410
55.	Herpesviruses	414
	Herpes simplex virus (HSV) 414	
	Varicella-zoster virus (VZV) 416	
	Epstein-barr virus (EBV) 417	
	Cytomegalovirus (CMV) 419	
	Human herpesvirus 6 420 Human herpesvirus 7 420	
	Human herpesvirus 8 420	
	Cercopithecine herpesvirus 1 420	
56.	Adenoviruses, Parvoviruses, Papilloma-	
	viruses and Polyomaviruses	423
	Adenoviruses 423	
	Parvoviruses 424	

57.	Picornaviruses	429
	Enteroviruses 429	_
	Rhinoviruses 432	
	Hepatovirus (hepatitis A virus) 433	
58.	Rhabdoviruses	435
	Rabies virus 435	
	Vesiculovirus 439	
59.	Orthomyxoviruses	441
60.	Paramyxoviruses	447
	Parainfluenza, mumps and measles viruses 447	
61.	Caliciviruses, Astroviruses and Corona-	
	viruses	452
	Caliciviruses 452	
	Astroviruses 452	
	Coronaviruses 452	
62.	Arboviruses	455
	Togaviridae 456	
	Alphaviruses 456	
	Rubella virus 457	
	Flaviviridae 458	
	Bunyaviridae 461	
63.	Filoviruses, Arenaviruses and Reoviridae	465
	Filoviruses 465	
	Arenaviruses 465	
	Reoviridae 466	
64.	Human Immunodeficiency Virus: AIDS	469
	Human immunodeficiency viruses 469	
65.	Hepatitis Viruses	481
	Hepatitis A virus (HAV) 481	
	Hepatitis B virus (HBV) 482	
	Hepatitis C virus (HCV) 486	

Hepatitis D virus (HDV) 487

358

Hepatitis E virus (HEV) 488 67. Slow Virus Infections and Prions Hepatitis G virus (HGV) 488 Slow virus infections 496 SEN virus (SEN-V) 489 Prions 497 Transfusion-transmitted virus (TTV) 489 66. Oncogenic (Tumour) Viruses 492 Oncogenic DNA viruses 494 Oncogenic RNA viruses 494 Section 4: Medical Mycology 68. Medical Mycology 503 III. Systemic mycoses 517 IV. Opportunistic mycoses 521 Classification of fungi 504 Superficial infections 521 Laboratory diagnosis of mycoses 504 Deep infections 523 Classification of mycoses 506 Disseminated candidiasis and candidemia 523 I. Superficial mycoses 507 V. Miscellaneous mycoses 530 II. Subcutaneous mycoses 511 **Section 5: Clinical Microbiology** 69. Emerging and Re-emerging Infectious 72. Antimicrobial Sensitivity Testing 539 **Diseases** 73. Prophylactic Immunization 70. Infective Syndromes 542 71. Nosocomial Infections 550 Antibiotic policy 551 Section 6: Bacteriology of Water, Milk and Air, and Biological Warfare 74. Bacteriology of Water, Milk and Air 565 75. Biological Warfare Bacteriology of water 565 Hippocratic oath 571 Bacteriology of milk 567 Bacteriology of air 568

Textbook of Microbiology

Section 7: Quality Assurance	e, Eth	ics and Overview of Microbiology	
76. Quality Assurance in Microbiology	504	78. Overview of Microbiology	589
Laboratory	581		
77. Ethics in Laboratory Medicine	587		

Index

xviii

595

496

554

560

571