(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Date:

Age:	
Gender: Male/Female	
Occupation:	
Higher Function	ons Assessment
1. Level of consciousness of subject:	Alert/Semi-conscious/Unconscious
2. General appearance:	Normal/Abnormal
3. Behaviour:	Cooperative/Uncooperative
4. Emotional state:	Normal/Agitated/Depressed/Other
5. Orientation to time, place and person:	Well-oriented/Disoriented
6. Any illusion/delusion/hallucination:	Yes/No
(Describe if present)	
7. Memory (recent and past events):	Normal/Abnormal
8. Intelligence:	Normal/Subnormal
9. Speech:	Normal/Abnormal
(Describe the type of abnormality, if present)	
10. Handedness:	Left handed/Right handed
Result/Interpretation:	

Subject's name:

Signature of student Signature of teacher

#### ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 5\*

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)

Teacher's feedback:			

AIM: PY 10.11 Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of sensory system in a normal volunteer or simulated environment

Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure	
Sr.No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)
i.	Stands on the right side of the subject and explains the procedure very clearly in subject's own language.	
ii.	Asks the subject to keep his/her eyes closed throughout the test and turn his/her face towards the opposite side.	
iii.	Performs tests for dorsal column sensations. a. Pressure sensation b. Fine touch c. Proprioception d. Tactile localisation e. Tactile discrimination f. Vibration	
iv.	Performs tests for anterolateral spinothalamic tract sensations. a. Crude touch b. Superficial pain c. Temperature	
V.	Performs tests for synthetic sensations.  a. Stereognosis b. Graphesthesia	
vi.	Compares the findings on both sides and records them in a proper format.	

Subject's name:

### ACTIVITY PERFORMA FOR PROCEDURE 6

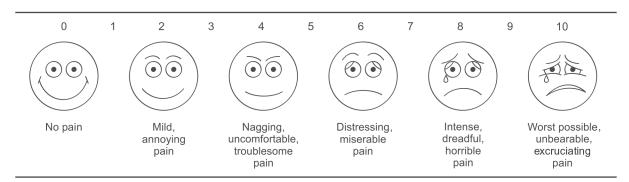
(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Date:

Gender: Male/Female		
	Sensory System Assessment	
Sensations	Left side	Right side
Dorsal o	column sensations (perceived/not	perceived)
Pressure		
Fine touch		
Proprioception		
Tactile localisation		
Two-point discrimination		
Vibration		
Ante	erolateral spinothalamic tract sen	sations
Crude touch		
Pain (provide VAS grading)*		
Temperature		
	Synthetic sensations	
Stereognosis		
Graphasthesia		

Signature of student Signature of teacher

\*The grading of pain perception should be done as per Visual Analog Scale (VAS). The subject is asked to point out a number to indicate the intensity of pain felt from the scale below:



**Source:** https://operativeneurosurgery.com/doku.php?id=visual\_analog\_scale

#### ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 6\*

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

<sup>\*</sup>Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)

Teacher's feedback:			

AIM: PY 10.11 Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of motor system in a normal volunteer or simulated environment.

Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure				
Sr. No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)			
i.	Stands on the right side of the subject and explains the procedure very clearly in subject's own language.				
ii.	Asks the subject to expose the limb which is to be examined.				
iii.	Notes the bulk of muscles  a. Looks for any obvious sign of muscle wasting or hypertrophy  b. Records the mid-arm, mid-thigh and mid-calf circumferences using a measuring tape.				
iv.	Assesses the muscle tone a. In upper limbs b. In lower limbs				
V.	Assesses and grades the strength (power) of muscles a. In upper limbs b. In lower limbs				
vi.	Observes the presence of any involuntary movements.				
vii.	Asks the subject to walk and observes his gait.				
viii.	Compares the observations of upper and lower limbs on both sides and records the findings in proper format.				

(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Subject's name:	Date:	
Age:		
Gender: Male/Female		
Motor Sy	stem Examination	
Characteristic	Left side	Right side
1. Bulk of muscle		-
Muscle wasting/hypertrophy (Y/N)	Upper limb	Lower limb
Upper and lower limb circumference		
a. Mid-arm level	Centimeters	Centimeters
b. Mid-thigh level	Centimeters	Centimeters
c. Mid-calf level	Centimeters	Centimeters
2. Muscle tone (normal/hypotonia/hypertonia)		
a. Upper limbs		
b. Lower limbs		
3. Power of muscles (provide grades)*		
a. Hand		
b. Shoulder and arm		
c. Hip and thigh		
d. Leg		
4. Any involuntary movements (Y/N)		,
5. Gait of the subject (write Y/N)		
a. Does the subject require support while walking?		
b. Can the subject walk in a straight line without bending sideways?		
c. Can the subject quickly turn around by 180° without losing balance?		

d. Is there any obvious defect in subject's gait?

### Result/Interpretation

- 1. Bulk of muscle
- 2. Muscle tone
- 3. Power of muscles
- 4. Gait
- 5. Overall remarks

### Signature of student

Signature of teacher

\* Gradation of muscle power may be done as per Medical Research Council (MRC) scale for muscle strength as follows:

Grade	Description	
Grade 0	Complete paralysis.	
Grade 1	No movements are possible, only a flicker of contraction is present.	
Grade 2	Muscle power can be detected only when effect of gravity is removed by making appropriate postural adjustments.	
Grade 3	The limb can be held against gravity but not against passive resistance applied by examiner.	
Grade 4	Movements are possible against examiner's resistance; but are weak.	
Grade 5	Normal muscle power both against gravity and against examiner's resistance.	

**Source:** http://medicalcriteria.com/web/neuromrc/

#### ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 7\*

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)

Teacher's feedback:		

AIM: PY 10.11 Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of reflexes in a normal volunteer or simulated environment.

Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure	
Sr. No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)
i.	Stands on the right side of the subject and explains the procedure very clearly in subject's own language.	
ii.	Asks the subject to relax and sit or lie down and expose the upper/lower limbs and also ensures that the subject is not looking at the procedure.	
iii.	Correctly elicits BICEPS REFLEX (sitting position)  a. Flexes the subject's elbow at 90°, semi-pronates his forearm and supports the arm.  b. Places his own thumb on subject's biceps tendon and strikes it and observes for contraction of biceps and flexion of elbow.	
iv.	Correctly elicits TRICEPS REFLEX (sitting position)  a. Flexes the subject's elbow at 90° and provides support to subject's forearm.  b. Strikes the triceps tendon just directly above the olecranon and observes for contraction of triceps and extension of elbow.	
V.	Correctly elicits SUPINATOR REFLEX (sitting position)  a. Holds the hand of subject firmly yet lightly as if "shaking hands" and bends the subject's hand in opposite direction to stretch the brachioradialis tendon.  b. Strikes the styloid process of the radius and observes for flexion of elbow and supination of forearm	
vi.	Correctly elicits KNEE JERK (sitting position)  a. Asks the subject to sit on the edge of the bed or a stool such that the legs can swing freely.  b. Asks the subject to keep one knee (to be tested) on the other knee and strikes the patellar tendon and observes for contraction of quadriceps and extension of knee.	
vii.	Correctly elicits ANKLE JERK (supine position)  a. Asks the subject to slightly flex and evert the leg (to be tested).  b. With one hand, dorsiflexes the foot and strikes the stretched Achilles tendon with other hand and observes for contraction of calf muscles and plantar extension of foot.	
viii.	Correctly elicits JAW JERK  a. Asks the subject to partly open the mouth and places his own finger firmly on subject's chin. b. Strikes the finger and observes for immediate closure of mouth (contraction of jaw elevators).	
ix.	Correctly elicits PLANTAR REFLEX (supine position) a. Partially flexes the lower limb of the subject and rotates it externally. b. With left hand grasps subject's leg above ankle and with other hand gently scratches the entire outer edge of the sole with a blunt but pointed object (e.g. tip of a key), starting from the heel and swiftly moving towards the ball of the great toe via lower edge of the metatarsals.	
х.	Asks the patient to perform Jendrassik's manoeuvre in case of non-elicitation of deep tendon reflexes.	
xi.	Compares the results on both sides and records the findings in proper format.	

*Important note:* This checklist may be customised as per standard protocol being followed by your institute in case the procedure for examination of certain reflexes is different from that described above.

(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Subject's name:	Date	2:
Age:		
Gender: Male/Female		
	Reflexes Examination	
Reflex	Left side	Right side
Plantar reflex (normal/absent/abnormal)		
Deep reflexes (provide grades for each)*		
Biceps jerk		
Triceps jerk		
Supinator jerk		
Knee jerk		
Ankle jerk		
Jaw jerk		

Result/Interpretation:

Signature of student Signature of teacher

### \* Reflexes should be graded as follows:

Grade	Written as	Description
0	0	Absent
1	+	Present but weak
2	++	Normal (brisk)
3	+++	Very brisk
4	++++	Clonus

**Source:** Bates' Guide to Physical Examination and History Taking, 12th edition, pp. 758, 773.

*Important note:* Jendrassik's (reinforcement) manoeuvre, if performed, should be indicated by mentioning "elicited with reinforcement" alongside the grade of the reflex for which it was done.

#### **ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 8\***

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)

Feacher's feedback:					

AIM: PY 10.11 Demonstrate the correct clinical examination of cranial nerves in a normal volunteer or simulated environment.

Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure	
Sr. No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)
i.	Stands on the right side of the subject and explains the procedure very clearly in subject's own language.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve I	
i	Performs tests for olfaction.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve II	
i.	Checks for acuity of distant and near vision.	
ii.	Performs tests for colour vision.	
iii.	Checks field of vision.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerves III, IV and VI	
i.	Checks the functioning of extraocular muscles.	
ii.	Elicits direct and indirect light reflex.	
iii.	Elicits accommodation reflex.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve V	
i.	Elicits corneal and conjunctival reflexes.	
ii.	Checks muscles of mastication.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve VII	
i.	Elicits the motor functions of facial nerve.	
ii.	Elicits the sensory (taste) function of facial nerve.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve VIII	
i.	Performs hearing tests.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerves IX and X	
i.	Elicits palatal and pharyngeal reflexes.	
ii.	Checks for taste sensation on posterior 1/3rd of tongue	
iii.	Asks for history of nasal regurgitation of food from subject.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve XI	
i.	Asks the subject to flex his chin against resistance.	
ii.	Asks the subject to shrug his shoulders against resistance.	
	Checklist for Cranial Nerve XII	
i.	Observes for any sign of tongue atrophy and tongue deviation on protrusion	
ii.	Checks the movements of tongue.	

(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Subject's name:	Date:							
Age:								
Gender: Male/Female								
Cranial Nervo	es (CN) Examination							
(Result to be reported as normal/abnormal or present/absent as appropriate)								
Tests performed	Left side	Right side						
Olfacto	ry nerve (CN I)*							
i. Smell sensitivity								
Optic	nerve (CN II)*							
i. Visual acuity								
ii. Colour vision								
iii. Field of vision								
Occulomotor, trochlear and	abducent nerves (CN III, IV o	and VI)						
i. Pupil (size, shape)								
ii. Ptosis, squint								
iii. Ocular movements								
iv. Pupillary light reflexes								
v. Accommodation reflex								
Trigemir	nal nerve (CN V)							
i. Corneal and conjunctival reflexes								
ii. Mandibular reflex (muscles of mastication)								
Facial	nerve (CN VII)							
i. Facial appearance								
ii. Taste sensation (anterior 2/3rds of tongue)								
iii. Muscles of face								
Vestibulocochlear nerv	e (CN VIII): Cochlear division	*						
i. Hearing tests								
Glossopharyngeal an	d vagus nerves (CN IX and X)							
i. Palatal and pharyngeal reflexes (CN IX and X)								

ii. Taste sensation on posterior 1/3rd of tongue (CN IX)

iii. History of nasal regurgitation of food

Spinal accessory nerve (CN XI)				
i. Flexion of head against resistance				
ii. Rotation of chin				
iii. Shrugging of shoulder				
Нур	poglossal nerve (CN XII)			
i. Atrophy of tongue				
ii. Deviation of tongue on protrusion				
iii. Tongue movements				

*Important note:* OSCE assessment of cranial nerves I, II and VIII can be done concurrently while doing OSCE assessment for procedure 13 (testing of smell), procedure 10 (testing of visual acuity, colour vision and field of vision) and procedure 11 (hearing tests) respectively.

### Result/Interpretation:

#### ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 9\*

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below	average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
	1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)

Teacher's feedback:					

AIM: PY 10.20 Demonstrate clinical testing of visual acuity, colour and field of vision in a normal volunteer or simulated environment.

Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure	
Sr. No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)
i.	Explains the procedure to the subject in his/her own language.	
ii.	Asks the subject to close opposite eye during the test.	
iii.	Tests the distant vision of the subject.	
	<ul><li>a. Chooses appropriate Snellen's charts as per literacy levels of subject (English chart/Hindi chart/ E-chart/Landolt's ring chart).</li><li>b. Asks the subject to read out the alphabets while standing at a distance of 6 metres away from the chart.</li></ul>	
iv.	Tests the near vision of the subject.	
	<ul><li>a. Chooses appropriate Jaeger's charts.</li><li>b. Asks the subject to read the charts from a comfortable reading distance (25 cm).</li></ul>	
v.	Tests the colour vision of the subject.	
	<ul><li>a. Keeps the Ishihara's plates 75 cm away from test eye, perpendicular to the line of sight.</li><li>b. Makes the subject read out initial 21 plates.</li></ul>	
vi.	Performs confrontation test first for visual field.	
vii.	Charts field of vision by doing perimetry.	
viii.	Compares the result on both sides and reports the observations in proper format.	

 $(use\ Xerox\ copy\ for\ Repeat/Remedial\ attempts)$ 

Subject's name:			Date:				
Age:							
Gender: Male/Female							
Does the subject	use spectacles? Yes/No						
If yes, then men	If yes, then mention type and power of spectacle lenses:						
Type of lens	: Convex/Concave/Bifocal/C	ylindrical					
Power of lea	ns: Left side = Diop	otres.					
	Right side = Diop	otres.					
		Le	ft eye	Right eye			
	Te	ests for Visual Acu	ity				
Distant vision*							
Near vision*							
· ·	spectacles, it should be mentioned is 6/6 in left eye with spectacles.)	with the results.					
	Ishihara	's Tests for Colou	Vision				
No. of colour plates r	ead correctly*						
	Tes	sts for Field of Visi	on				
Confrontation test (m normal/restricted in a							
Perimetry (mention th	e field of vision in	Superior	degrees	degrees			
degrees in all quadrai	nts).	Inferior	degrees	degrees			
		Temporal	degrees	degrees			
		Nasal	degrees	degrees			

#### **Result/Interpretation:**

a. Visual Acuity

b. Colour vision

c. Field of vision

#### Signature of student

Signature of teacher

\*Note: Interpretation of Ishihara's tests

Out of initial 21 plates, if 17 or more plates are read correctly by an individual, then his colour sense should be regarded as normal. If 13 or less plates are read correctly, then the person has a red-green colour defect. Plates 22–25 are used for differential diagnosis of protans and deutans.

(*Ref*: Parmar T, Vananthi M, Ghose S, Dada T, Venkatesh P. Colour vision revisited. Delhi J Opthalmol 2014; 24(4):223–228.)

#### **ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 10\***

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill	
ii.	Communication skill	
iii.	Confidence level	
iv.	Procedural skill	
V.	Knowledge level	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading	
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)	
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)	
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)	

Teacher's feedback:					

*AIM*: PY 10.20 Demonstrate hearing tests in a normal volunteer or simulated environment. Number of times this skill needs to be done to be certified for independent performance = 01.

	Checklist for procedure	
Sr. No.	Steps to be performed sequentially	Performed (Y/N)
i.	Explains the procedure to the subject in his/her own language and double checks that the subject has fully understood the procedure.	
ii.	Ensures that there is no/minimum background noise in the room.	
iii.	Asks the subject to close his/her eyes and to focus on auditory stimulus with full concentration.	
iv.	Elicits whisper test.	
v.	Selects 256 Hz tuning fork.	
vi.	Performs Rinne's test.	
	<ul><li>a. Checks for bone conduction first by placing vibrating tuning fork on mastoid process of subject.</li><li>b. As soon as subject lifts his/her finger, immediately keeps the tuning fork in front of subject's ear to check for air conduction.</li></ul>	
vii.	Performs Weber's test.	
	<ul><li>a. Keeps the vibrating tuning fork on forehead/vertex of subject's skull.</li><li>b. Asks the subject if there is lateralisation of sound towards any ear.</li></ul>	
viii.	Performs Schwabach's test.	
	<ul><li>a. Places vibrating tuning fork initially on subjects mastoid process and then on his own mastoid process to compare bone conduction.</li><li>b. Repeats the procedure to confirm the results by placing the vibrating tuning fork initially on his own mastoid process and thereafter on subject's mastoid process.</li></ul>	
ix.	Compares the result on both sides and records the findings in proper format.	

Subject's name:

### **ACTIVITY PERFORMA FOR PROCEDURE 11**

(use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Date:

Age:		
Gender: Male/Female		
Does the subject use hearing aids: Yes/No		
If yes, then for which ear: Left ear/Right ear/B	oth ears	
Heari	ng Tests Assessment	
Tests performed	Left ear	Right ear
Whisper test     (normal/abnormal)		
2. Tuning fork tests		
a. Rinne's test (AC>BC or AC <bc)< td=""><td></td><td></td></bc)<>		
b. Weber's test (not lateralised or lateralised towards)		
c. Schwabach's test (BC of subject is equal to/ more than/less than examiner)		

Result/Interpretation:

Signature of student Signature of teacher

### **ASSESSMENT CARD FOR PROCEDURE 11\***

## Type of Attempt (please tick): First/Repeat 1/Repeat 2/Remedial (use Xerox copy for Repeat/Remedial attempts)

Sr. No.	Attributes to be assessed	Score (1–5)*
i.	Behavioural skill.	
ii.	Communication skill.	
iii.	Confidence level.	
iv.	Procedural skill.	
V.	Knowledge level.	
	Cumulative total (out of 25)	

\*Note: The teacher may decide the score as given below:

Below average	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
1	2	3	4	5

Cumulative total	Grading	
9 or less	Below Expectations (B)	
10–19	Meets Expectations (M)	
20 and above	Exceeds Expectations (E)	

Teacher's feedback:					